A - Formación de have (got) to

El auxiliar have (got) to va seguido de infinitivo.

Ejemplo: I have to (I've got to) go to the dentist's.

Have se conjuga así:

We have You have I have You have He / she / it has They have

Nota: Las preguntas y las negaciones se forman

 $con \; do.$

Ejemplo: Do you have to go this way?

I don't have to listen to your stupid advice.